# **RENEWAL 1949-2015**

**New York City** began to adopt "urban renewal plans" in 1949 to get federal funding to acquire land, relocate the people living there, demolish the structures and make way for new public and private development. The legacy of these neighborhood master plans remains active across the city, from sites like Lincoln Center to the many vacant lots cleared in East New York and Bushwick for projects that were never completed. Even after federal funding for the program was cut in 1974, New York City continued to adopt renewal plans for neighborhoods. 82 plan areas, where the city has eminent domain power to take private property for the public purpose of eliminating blight and economic "under-performance," came into being between 1975 and the present.

STATENISLAND

Urban renewal transforms the city, and changes the lives of many New Yorkers, for better or worse. Over 60 plan for areas of the city remain active today. Some communities are taking advantage of active plan areas to make community aspirations into official plans.

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Organized by 596 Acres, designed by Partner & Partners with support from Mapzen, Green Grape and Third World Newsreel

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= Active Plan

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83

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Urban Renewal Plan Areas have generally been created to remain active for 40 years (some are active longer). During that time, the City can acquire land and buildings using eminent domain without offering any specific explanation for each property, relocate residents and businesses, demolish structures and actively seek redevelopers. While a plan is active it can be revised.

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#### = Expired Plan

BRONX

QUEENS

138

124

125

147

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= 112

BROOKLYN

After a plan expires, the City no longer has the right to acquire property in the area through eminent domain without specifically explaining why that property is needed to serve a public purpose. There is public land in NYC neighborhoods that was acquired while plans were active; after a plan expires, neighbors can work towards achieving its goals anyways or re-envison how these public properties should be used.

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46

47

▼	1	1952	Harlem	▼	26	1964	Lincoln-Amsterdam
▼	2	1952	Corlears Hook		27	1965	Bronx Park South
▼	3	1952	North Harlem	▼	28	1965	Seward Park Extension
▼	4	1952	West Park	▼	29	1965	First Avenue-East 101st Street
▼	5	1952	Fort Greene		30	1965	Crotona Park East
▼	6	1952	Seward Park	▼	31	1966	East River
▼	7	1953	Columbus Circle	▼	32	1966	Coney Island West

▼	51	1968	Metro North
▼	52	1968	St. Nicholas Park
▼	53	1968	York College
▼	54	1969	Bushwick I
▼	55	1969	College Point II
	56	1969	Brooklyn Bridge Southeast
▼	57	1969	Manhattan Valley

▼	76	1971	Jamaica Center II
▼	77	1971	North Twin Pines
▼	78	1971	South Jamaica I
▼	79	1971	Morrisania
▼	80	1971	Staten Island Industrial Park I
▼	81	1971	Rutland Road
▼	82	1971	Brooklyn Navy Yard

	101	1981	Essex-Linwood	126	1989	Broadway Triangle
	102	1981	Quarry Road	127	1989	Middleton-Lorimer
	103	1982	Baltic Street	128	1989	Wallabout
	104	1982	Mid-Bronx	129	1989	Bronxchester
	105	1982	Morris Heights I	130	1990	East 155th Street
	106	1983	Lower East Side I	131	1990	Scholes Street
	107	1983	Central Harlem East	132	1992	North Harlem III

<b>8</b> 1954 Washington Square Southeast	<b>33</b> 1967 <b>Two Bridges</b>	<b>58</b> 1969 East 14th Street-Avenue B	<b>83</b> 1972 <b>Red Hook Peninsula</b>	108 1983 North Harlem II	133 1992 Saratoga Square
<b>9</b> 1954 <b>Pratt Institute</b>	<b>34</b> 1967 <b>Brownsville I</b>	<b>59</b> 1969 <b>Clinton</b>	<b>84</b> 1972 Bergen Street	109 1983 Carroll Gardens	<b>134</b> 1992 <b>Southside</b>
▼ 10 1954 New York University-Bellevue	<b>35</b> 1967 Williamsburg	<b>60</b> 1969 <b>Bedford Avenue-North 3rd Street</b>	<b>85</b> 1972 <b>49th Street–1st Avenue</b>	110 1984 Lower East Side II	135 1992 Washington Bathgate
▼ 11 1955 Penn Station South	<b>36</b> 1967 <b>South Bronx</b>	<b>61</b> 1969 Bruckner Boulevard-East 149th Stree	t <b>V 86</b> 1973 Yankee Stadium	111 1984 Williamsburg II	<b>136</b> 1993 Upper Park Avenue
<b>12</b> 1956 <b>Morningside–Manhattanville</b>	<b>37</b> 1967 <b>Twin Parks East</b>	<b>62</b> 1969 <b>East 3rd Street-Avenue C</b>	<b>87</b> 1973 Staten Island Industrial Park II	112 1984 Kings/Flatbush	137 1994 Milbank Frawley Circle-East
<b>13</b> 1957 Lincoln Square	<b>38</b> 1967 <b>Fresh Creek</b>	▼ 63 1969 Hester-Allen Street	88 1973 Fordham Road Plaza	113 1984 Brownsville II	138 1994 Hunts Point North
▼ 14 1958 Park Row	<b>39</b> 1967 <b>Twin Parks West</b>	<b>64</b> 1969 Lindsay-Bushwick	<b>89</b> 1975 <b>Pueblo Nuevo</b>	114 1986 East New York I	139 1994 Melrose Commons
▼ 15 1958 Hammels-Rockaway	<b>40</b> 1967 <b>Waterside</b>	<b>65</b> 1970 Zerega Park South (James J. Lyons)	90 1975 Bathgate	<b>115</b> 1986 Bedford-Stuyvesant I	140 1995 Mott Haven North
▼ 16 1958 Seaside-Rockaway	▼ 41 1968 Ruppert	<b>66</b> 1970 <b>Cooper Square</b>	91 1976 Crown Heights	<b>116</b> 1987 Lower East Side III	141 1996 Mott Haven East
▼ 17 1960 Tompkins Square	42 1968 Atlantic Terminal	<b>67</b> 1970 Jamaica Center I	92 1976 Schermerhorn-Pacific	▼ 117 1987 Ocean Hill	142 1997 Milbank Frawley Circle-West
<b>18</b> 1961 <b>Park Row Extension</b>	▼ 43 1968 Coney Island I	<b>68</b> 1970 Washington Heights/Highbridge Park	<b>93</b> 1977 <b>Melrose</b>	118 1987 Metropolitan Technology Center	<b>143</b> 1997 Bradhurst
▼ 19 1961 Flatlands	<b>44</b> 1968 Marcus Garvey Park Village	<b>69</b> 1970 United Nations	94 1978 Caribe Village	119 1988 Fulton Park	<b>144</b> 1997 <b>Edgemere</b>
<b>20</b> 1962 Washington Street	<b>45</b> 1968 Zerega Avenue	<b>70</b> 1970 <b>Coney Island Creek</b>	95 1979 Bushwick II	120 1988 University Heights	145 2000 Maujer Street
<b>21</b> 1962 Lindsay Park	<b>46</b> 1968 Springfield Boulevard	71 1970 Brooklyn Center	<b>96</b> 1979 Jersey Street	121 1988 Freeman Street	146 2001 Harlem Gateway
<b>22</b> 1962 <b>Cadman Plaza</b>	<b>47</b> 1968 <b>Arverne</b>	<b>72</b> 1970 <b>Park Avenue–Nostrand Avenue</b>	97 1979 Columbia Street	122 1988 McKibben Moore	147 2001 Dinsmore-Chestnut
▼ 23 1962 West Side	<b>48</b> 1968 Cathedral Parkway	<b>73</b> 1971 <b>Gowanus</b>	<b>98</b> 1980 University Heights I	123 1988 Lynch Street	148 2001 West Bushwick
<b>24</b> 1964 Brooklyn Bridge Southwest	<b>49</b> 1968 Central Brooklyn	<b>74</b> 1971 Greenpoint I	<b>99</b> 1980 North Washington Heights	▼ 124 1989 Longwood	149 2007 Jamaica Gateway
<b>25</b> 1964 <b>Bellevue South</b>	<b>50</b> 1968 Harlem-East Harlem	▼ 75 1971 Corona–East Elmhurst	100 1981 Francis Delafield Hospital	125 1989 East New York II	150 2008 Willets Point

WALKING TOUR

## **A WILLET'S POINT WALK**

12:30 — 2PM **MEET IN QUEENS MUSEUM LOBBY** 

East of Citifield (the New York Mets baseball stadium) is a sewerless hardscrabble area of auto junkyards and related businesses that has twice beaten back attempts at redevelopment. But as it is located between the new stadium and a booming Chinatown in Flushing, public and private interests are again trying to transform "Willets Point." We'll confront ecological issues and learn why "Willets Point" is a misnomer.

# JANUARY -----

## FILM **THE PRUITT-IGOE MYTH**

2 — 3:30PM **2ND FLOOR THEATRE** 

The Pruitt-Igoe Myth explores the social, economic and legislative issues that led to the decline of conventional public housing in America, and the city centers in which they resided, while tracing the personal and poignant narratives of several of the residents of the notorious Pruitt-Igoe public housing complex in St. Louis.



#### **READING & FILM**

## **"WHO MAKES A NEIGHBORHOOD?**" **BY DW GIBSON & ADAM PURPLE AND** THE GARDEN OF EDEN

3:30 - 4PM **PANORAMA** 

In 1975, on the crime-ridden Lower East Side, Adam Purple started a garden behind his tenement home. By 1986, The Garden of Eden was world famous and had grown to 15,000 square feet. For Adam - a social activist, philosopher, artist, and revolutionary - the Garden was the medium of his political and artistic expression. It was razed by the city in 1986 after a protracted court battle.

#### \*\*\*\*\* **PARTY!** \*\*\*\*\*



4 — 6PM **PANORAMA & 2ND FLOOR THEATRE** 



#### **REVIEWING MITCHELL-LAMA**

## THE PAST, PRESENT AND **FUTURE OF AFFORDABLE HOUSING IN NYC**

#### 2 — 4PM

#### **UNISPHERE GALLERY**

Planners Network NYC hosts a discussion on the past, present and future of the Mitchell Lama program, one of New York's most important and embattled affordable housing initiatives. With Charles Chawalko on the history of the program and the experience at Southbridge Towers; Jackie Peters, of the Putnam Coalition, on organizing against predatory equity in a Harlem Mitchell Lama rental; and Alexis Smallwood on the experience of tenants at Ocean Village in the Rockaway

#### **FILM & CONVERSATION**

## **IT TOOK 50 YEARS: FRANCES GOLDIN AND** THE STRUGGLE FOR **COOPER SQUARE**

#### 4 — 6PM **2ND FLOOR THEATRE**

**WALK & TALK** 

Robert Moses was New York City's "Master Builder", a force of nature that transformed the built environment and the lives of millions of New Yorkers. When Moses came to the Lower East Side of Manhattan in 1959, he intended to level the area known as "Cooper Square" in the name of urban renewal. Little did Mos know that he would meet his match in the Co Square Committee (CSC) and in Frances Goldin, the committee's tenacious co-founder.

#### CLASS

## **TAKINGS**

12:15 — 1:45PM **2ND FLOOR THEATRE** 

A discussion of the law of eminent domain with Michael Rikon, Esq. & Paula Z. Segal, Esq. Continuing Legal Education (CLE) credits for free to attorneys who attend provided by the CUNY Community Legal **Resource Network. All welcome.** 



Moderated by Katie Goldstein, Executive Director of Tenants & Neighbors.

#### WALK & TALK

## THE MANHATTAN **PROJECTS**

12 — 1PM PANORAMA

"Around the city" tour of four completed NYC urban renewal projects (United Nations, Stuyvesant Town, Lincoln Square/Center, East Harlem) on the panorama with Samuel Zipp, author of Manhattan Projects: the Rise and Fall of Urban Renewal in Cold War New York.

#### **FILMS & CONVERSATION**

## **BEFORE LINCOLN** CENTER

1 — 2:30PM **2ND FLOOR THEATRE** 

Screenings of films Rompierdo Puertas (Break and Enter) (1971) & The Case against Lincoln Center (1968), both from Third World Newsreel, framed and followed a discussion with Jennifer Hock and Mariana Mogilevich on the city-facilitated transformation of the Upper West Side.

#### CONVERSATION

## WILLIAMSBURG'S **SOUTH SIDE**

2:30 — 4PM **UNISPHERE GALLERY** 

Reyna, Shekar Krishnan, Anusha Venkataraman and The Broadway Triangle Community Coalition.

With Deputy Brooklyn Borough President Diana

## QUEENS

4 — 6PM **PANORAMA & UNISPHERE GALLERY** 

With Queens Borough Historian Dr. Jack Eichenbaum, Kalin Callaghan of the United Peninsula Working to Achieve Responsible Development (UPWARD) coalition in Rockaway and others to be announced.

**FILMS & CONVERSATION** 

## THE RINK **SARAH FRIEDLAND & RYAN JOSEPH**

12 - 1PM**2ND FLOOR THEATRE** 

Branch Brook Park Roller Rink, located in Newark, NJ, is one of the few remaining urban rinks of its kind. This concrete structure is nestled in a public park bordered by public housing and a highway. Upon first glance, the exterior resembles a fallout shelter; however, the streamers and lights of the interior are reminiscent of 1970s roller discos. This documentary depicts a space cherished by skaters and a city struggling to move beyond its past and forge a new narra-

## TALK

## WHAT HAPPENS TO **A NEIGHBORHOOD** "RENEWED?"

#### 1 - 3PM**UNISPHERE GALLERY**

Strategies, tactics and tools of community participation in response to urban renewal. Attorney Amy Laura Cahn and historian Marci Reaven will talk about the disempowering force of "blight" declarations and role of community planning boards and people's plans, looking at New York City and Eastwick, Philadelphia--the largest urban renewal site in the USA. Activists from the contested Seward Park Urban Renewal Area on Manhattan's Lower East Side will join the conversa-

# **FEBRUARY**

#### WALK & TALK

## **DAMON RICH**

#### 3 — 4PM PANORAMA

Damon Rich is a designer, planner, and visual artist. He will present work about and around urban renewal, including exhibitions The City Without a Ghetto (2003), Abuse of Power: The SPURA Story (2006), Red Lines Housing Crisis Learning Center (2007–9) and Mix and Match (Nevarca->New Ark) (2010).

**FILMS & CONVERSATION** 

## FROM REDLINING **TO GENTRIFICATION PROGRAM AND URBAN RENEWAL IS PEOPLE** REMOVAL

4 — 6PM **UNISPHERE GALLERY** 

Program by the University of Orange with Dr. Mindy Fullilove, Molly Rose Kaufman, Rod Wallace, Havanna Fisher, Aubrey Murdock and the film Urban Renewal is People Removal (2005).

tive amidst contemporary social issues.

tion, and Gabrielle Bendiner-Viani and the Layered SPURA / City Studio project from the New School & Buscada will host a pop-up exhibition and lead an interactive workshop in which participants will be invited to take on roles in a community struggle over its future.

Organized by



**Designed by** Partner & Partners

Support from



## **QUEENS MUSEUM**

New York City Building Flushing Meadows Corona Park Queens, NY 11368

### **CURATOR WALK & TALK** PAULA Z. SEGAL

3 — 4PM PANORAMA

Paula Z. Segal is the Director of 596 Acres, New York City's community land access advocacy organization. In addition to supporting 30 successful neighborhood campaigns for official community access to vacant publicly owned lots and transform them into gardens and pocket parks, the organization looks for opportunities for residents to be in the charge of what happens to their neighborhoods. She is the curator for Reviewing Renewal and will be taking us on a journey through what we learned during the course of the intervention.



**FILMS & CONVERSATION** THE TRAGEDY OF **URBAN RENEWAL:** THE DESTRUCTION AND SURVIVAL OF **A NEW YORK CITY NEIGHBORHOOD** 



4 — 6PM **2ND FLOOR THEATRE**